

**Global Migration PLC**

<b>1. What are the contemporary patterns of global migration</b>			
	<b>R</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>G</b>
<b>1. What are the contemporary patterns of global migration</b>	GM1 Current spatial patterns in the numbers, composition and direction of international migrant flows, including examples of both inter-regional and intra-regional		
	GM2 The relationship between patterns of international migration and socioeconomic development, using national indices such as 'value of migrant remittances' and 'Human Development Index'.		
	GM3 How global migration can promote stability, growth and development within and between countries through flows of people, money, ideas and technology.		
	GM4 How global migration causes inequalities, conflicts and injustices for people and places through flows of people, money, ideas and technology.		
<b>2. Why has migration become increasingly complex?</b>			
	<b>R</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>G</b>
<b>2. Why has migration become increasingly complex?</b>	GM5 Changes in the 21st century have increased the complexity of global migration, including economic globalisation leading to the emergence of new source areas and host destinations.		
	GM6 Changes in the 21st century have increased the complexity of global migration, including high concentration of young workers and female migrants.		
	GM7 Changes in the 21st century have increased the complexity of global migration, including flows in South-South corridors are now equal in magnitude to those in South-North corridors.		
	GM8 Changes in the 21st century have increased the complexity of global migration, including conflict and persecution have increased numbers of refugees.		
	GM9 Changes in the 21st century have increased the complexity of global migration, including changes in national immigration and emigration policies.		
	GM10 Changes in the 21st century have increased the complexity of global migration, including development of distinct corridors of bi-lateral flows.		
	GM11 Case study of one EDC (Brazil) to illustrate current patterns of immigration and emigration.		
	GM12 Case study of one EDC (Brazil) to illustrate changes in immigration and emigration over time.		
	GM13 Case study of one EDC (Brazil) to illustrate economic, political, social and environmental interdependence with countries connected to the EDC by migrant flows.		
	GM14 Case study of one EDC (Brazil) to illustrate the impact of migration on the EDCs economic development, political stability and social equality.		
<b>3. What are the issues associated with unequal flows of global migration?</b>			
	<b>R</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>G</b>
<b>3. What are the issues associated with unequal flows of global migration?</b>	GM15 Case study of one AC (USA) to show how it influences and drives change in the global		
	GM16 Case study of one AC (USA) to show how it influences and drives change in the global migration system. Illustrate economic, political and social factors which explain opportunities, such as labour supply.		
	GM17 Case study of one AC (USA) to show how it influences and drives change in the global migration system. Illustrate economic, political and social factors which explain challenges, such as border issues.		
	GM18 Case study of one LIDC (Laos) to show how it has limited influence over and restricted response to the global migration system. Illustrate economic, political and social factors which explain patterns of emigration and immigration, migration policies, and interdependence with countries linked to it by migration.		
	GM19 Case study of one LIDC (Laos) to show how it has limited influence over and restricted response to the global migration system. Illustrate economic, political and social factors which explain opportunities, such as migrant remittances.		
	GM20 Case study of one LIDC (Laos) to show how it has limited influence over and restricted response to the global migration system. Illustrate economic, political and social factors which explain challenges, such as loss of skilled workers.		